Worldwide there are over 20,000 identified plant species, this list represents a small fraction of the plants available.

The garden you plant will increase biodiversity, often replacing the monoculture of a lawn.

Two-part Latin names include the genus first and species second.

The species name is listed when relevant. Otherwise the genus is listed with sp.

To learn more get involved with a nature center, Audubon Society or Natural History Museum near you.
RECOMMENDED NATIVE PLANTS

THAT ATTRACT BIRDS & BUTTERFLIES

BLUESTEM ~ Andropogon sp.
MILKWEED ~ Asclepias sp.
FLOWERING DOGWOOD ~ Cornus florida
CONEFLOWER ~ Echinacea sp.
JOE-PYE WEED ~ Eupatorium fistulosum
BLAZING STAR ~ Liatris spicata
SPICE BUSH ~ Lindera benzoin
BEEBALEM ~ Monarda sp.
VIRGINIA CREEPER ~ Parthenocissus sp.
VERVAIN ~ Verbena hastata
IRONWEED ~ Vernonia altissima
GREEN HEADED CONEFLOWER ~ Rudbeckia sp.
MAPLE-LEAVED VIBURNUM ~ Viburnum sp.

Help maintain Ohio’s native habitats by planting native plants at home.
To learn more go on a guided hike at a nature center near you.

AVOID NON-NATIVE INVASIVE PLANTS

THAT HARM OHIO’S NATURAL HABITATS

TREE-OF-HEAVEN ~ Ailanthus sp.
BARBERRY ~ Berberis sp.
VETCH ~ Coronilla sp.
RUSSIAN OLIVE ~ Elaeagnus sp.
ENGLISH IVY ~ Hedera helix
PRIVET ~ Ligustrum sp.
HONEYSUCKLE ~ Lonicera sp.
PURPLE LOOSESTRIFE ~ Lythrum sp.
PACHYSANDRA ~ Pachysandra sp.
REED CANARY GRASS ~ Phalaris sp.
KNOTWEED ~ Polygonum sp.
BUCKTHORN ~ Rhamnus sp.
MYRTLE ~ Vinca Minor

Keep these non-native plants out of your yard. Introduced plants can take over wilderness areas reducing biodiversity.